PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY To: WITTOP KONING, T.H. Exter Polak & Charlouis B.V P.O. Box 3241 Termijn: 19.01.06 WRITTEN OPINION 2280 GE RIJSWIJK (PCT Rule 66) PAYS-BAS 2 1 OKT. 2005 Rec.: ate of mailing Opbergen: 19.10.2005 day/month/year) Applicant's or agent's file reference REPLY DUE within 3 month(s) P27091PC00/RKI/EOF from the above date of mailing International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) International application No. 18.12.2003 PCT/NL2003/000928 18.12.2003 International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC B01J37/00 Applicant AVANTIUM INTERNATIONAL B.V. et al. This written opinion is the first drawn up by this International Preliminary Examining Authority. 1. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items: 2. \boxtimes Basis of the opinion Ш Priority Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability Ш IV Lack of unity of invention Ø Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(II) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement Certain documents cited VII Certain defects in the international application Certain observations on the international application VIII 🗆 The applicant is hereby invited to reply to this opinion. See the time limit indicated above. The applicant may, before the expiration of that time limit, When? request this Authority to grant an extension, see Rule 66 2(d). By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3. How? For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66 8 and 66.9 For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. Also: For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6 If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion. The final date by which the international preliminary 4. examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 18 04 2006

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:

European Patent Office

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Formalities officer (Inc). extension of time limits)

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10/583010 IAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 15 JUN 2006

WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/NL2003/000928

i.	Basis	of the	opinion
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i.	Basis of the opinion				
1.	With the filed	receiving Office in re	Ints of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been fumished to sponse to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally		
	Des	cription, Pages			
	1-9		as originally filed		
	Clai	ims, Numbers			
	1-10	•	as originally filed		
2.	With	n regard to the langu guage in which the int	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.		
	The	se elements were av	ailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:		
		the language of pub	anslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). lication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). anslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).		
	With inte	n regard to any nucle rnational preliminary	ectide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:		
		contained in the inte	mational application in written form.		
		filed together with th	e international application in computer readable form.		
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in written form.		
		furnished subseque	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.		
		The statement that t in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.		
		The statement that the listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.		
4.	The	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:			
		the description,	pages:		
		the claims,	Nos.:		
		the drawings,	sheets:		
5.		This opinion has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).			

- 6. Additional observations, if necessary:
- V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

6-10

PCT/NL2003/000928

Novelty (N) Claims

Inventive step (IS) Claims 1-5

Industrial applicability (IA) Claims 1-10

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

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WRITTEN OPINION SEPARATE SHEET

International application No. PCT/NL03/00928

Re Item I

Basis of the opinion

The examination is being carried out on the following application documents:

Text for the Contracting States:

AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

Description, pages:

1-9

as originally filed

Claims, No.:

1-10

as originally filed

Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: EP-A-0 895 809 (ASAHI CHEMICAL IND) 10 February 1999 (1999-02-10)

D2: US 2002/115879 A1 (HINAGO HIDENORI ET AL) 22 August 2002 (2002-08-22)

D3: EP-A-1 358 932 (ROHM & HAAS) 5 November 2003 (2003-11-05)

1. The application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, because of the following reasons:

The term "ceramic form" in claim 1 is unclear as from this term it is not possible to derive, that "powdery form" and not "colloidal form" is meant. The applicant should be aware of the fact that such unclear features cannot be used to separate the invention from the prior art.

Therefore claim 1 is not clear.

2. The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because of

the following reasons:

2.1 D1 (paragraphs [0001], [0093], [0098]-[0109]; example 1), D2 (paragraphs [0002], [0170]-[0183], examples) disclose Mo-V-Te-Nb catalysts, which are prepared by preparation procedures according claim 1, but using colloidal silica as inert carrier material. As the example section does not provide any evidence that there is an advantage in using silica in a powdery form, no inventive step can be recognized. Furthermore from claim 4 it is clear that the silica used in the present invention can have particle sizes in the range of the colloidal silica precursors used in D1 and D2. The catalysts in D1 and D2 are used for the preparation of (meth)acrylic acid or (meth)acrylonitrile by catalytic oxidation or ammoxidation of propane or isobutane and a person skilled in the art knows that they are also suitable for the preparation of acetic acid from ethane (see also D3).

D3 (examples 1,7; paragraphs [0001], [0036] - [0040]) discloses Mo-V-Te-Nb catalysts, which are prepared by physical mixing of the carrier materials with the calcined Mo-V-Te-Nb mixed oxide or by washcoating of the calcined Mo-V-Te-Nb mixed oxide onto a monolithic support. As the example section does not provide any evidence that there is an advantage in introducing the carrier material into the precursor slurry before calcination, no inventive step can be recognized. The catalysts of D3 are said to be suitable for the preparation of carboxylic acids and nitriles from alkanes.

Therefore the subject-matter of at least claim 1 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT in view of D1-D3.

2.2 The Applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claim 6 is a "product-by-process" claim. A new process does not automatically lead to a new product; consequently, should the applicant maintain any product-by-process claim he is requested to give evidence (eg. by means of comparative tests) that the product thus claimed is novel an inventive. At present it is not clear what the difference of a catalyst according to claim 6 is, compared to a catalyst according to the prior art as disclosed in D1-D3.

Therefore the subject-matter of the claim 6 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT in view of D1-D3.

2.3 The uses mentioned in the claims 7-10 are already disclosed in D1-D3 or are known to a person skilled in the art (see under 2.1).

Therefore the subject-matter of the claims 7-10 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT in view of D1-D3.

2.4 Dependent claims 2-5 do not appear to contain any additional features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to inventive step, because said additional features are either disclosed in the prior art documents (see above) or are trivial or within the competence of a skilled person looking for alternative catalysts or processes.